

**SECTION 07 14 00
PMMA**

SECTION 07 14 00 – ROOFING REPLACEMENT

COLD FLUID APPLIED REINFORCED ROOFING – PMMA ROOFING SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

3.01 GENERAL

3.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 - Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- B. ASTM C473 - Standard Test Methods for Physical Testing of Gypsum Panel Products; 2024.
- C. ASTM C518 - Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2021.
- D. ASTM C920 - Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- E. ASTM C1289 - Standard Specification for Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board; 2023a.
- F. ASTM C1371 - Standard Test Method for Determination of Emittance of Materials Near Room Temperature Using Portable Emissometers; 2015 (Reapproved 2022).
- G. ASTM C1549 - Standard Test Method for Determination of Solar Reflectance Near Ambient Temperature Using a Portable Solar Reflectometer; 2016 (Reapproved 2022).
- H. ASTM D412 - Standard Test Methods for Vulcanized Rubber and Thermoplastic Elastomers--Tension; 2016 (Reapproved 2021).
- I. ASTM D471 - Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Effect of Liquids; 2016a (Reapproved 2021).
- J. ASTM D570 - Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics; 2022.
- K. ASTM D638 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics; 2022.
- L. ASTM D751 - Standard Test Methods for Coated Fabrics; 2019.
- M. ASTM D1037 - Standard Test Methods for Evaluating Properties of Wood-Base Fiber and Particle Panel Materials; 2012 (Reapproved 2020).
- N. ASTM D2240 - Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Durometer Hardness; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).
- O. ASTM D3273 - Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber; 2021.
- P. ASTM D4258 - Standard Practice for Surface Cleaning Concrete for Coating; 2023.
- Q. ASTM D4259 - Standard Practice for Preparation of Concrete by Abrasion Prior to Coating Application; 2024.
- R. ASTM D4541 - Standard Test Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings Using Portable Adhesion Testers; 2022.
- S. ASTM E108 - Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings; 2020a.
- T. ASTM E661 - Standard Test Method for Performance of Wood and Wood-Based Floor and Roof Sheathing Under Concentrated Static and Impact Loads; 2022.
- U. ASTM E903 - Standard Test Method for Solar Absorptance, Reflectance, and Transmittance of Materials Using Integrating Spheres; 2020.
- V. ASTM F2170 - Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes; 2019a.

- W. CRRC-1 - CRRC-1 Roof Product Rating Program Manual; 2025.
- X. PS 1 - Structural Plywood; 2023.
- Y. SSPC-SP 3 - Power Tool Cleaning; 2024.
- Z. UL 790 - Standard for Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

3.03 THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS INCLUDE: THE "CONTRACT DRAWINGS"; THE "SPECIFICATIONS"; THE "SPECIAL NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS", "SPECIAL CONDITIONS", NYC HOUSING AUTHORITY CONTRACTS", LATEST EDITION; THE "FORM OF PROPOSAL", "FORM OF BID BOND", AND ALL AMENDMENTS AND ADDENDA, ALL OF WHICH GOVERN THE WORK OF THIS CONTRACT.

3.04 THE CONTRACTOR IS ALSO DIRECTED TO DIVISION 01 AND OTHER DIVISIONS OF THIS SPECIFICATION. THEY INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF ADDITIONAL WORK FOR REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF ROOFING WITH ALL RELATED WORK DESCRIBED HEREIN UNDER DIVISION 07.

3.05 PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF BID, VISIT THE WORK SITE TO VERIFY THE EXISTING CONDITIONS, DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES AS SET FORTH IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- A. The roofing replacement requires a highly reflective & emissive, fully reinforced, cold fluid-applied, 2 component PMMA, liquid resin roofing and waterproofing membrane and flashing system, and all other ancillary waterproofing work including but not limited to installation of insulation, cover boards, sealants and metal work as specified to provide A MINIMUM COMPLETE MANUFACTURER'S NO DOLLAR LIMIT 30 YEAR FULL SYSTEM
- B. **GUARANTEE ON INSTALLATION AND MATERIALS.** As such the contractor must be certified as an installer by roofing manufacturer providing the guarantee. Further the certified installer must pre-register the 30 year guarantee with manufacturer and submit a copy of that pre-registration at the pre-start meeting and prior to beginning work. The actual guarantee must be provided to the Authority PRIOR to the close out of the Job.
- C. As part of the turnover of warranty, the Contractor is to install "Roof Warranty Holder" sticker on the interior side of every bulkhead door. See sticker sample at the end of this section specifications.

- 3.06 THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED UNDER THIS SPECIFICATION SHALL INCLUDE BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: ATTEND NECESSARY JOB MEETINGS AND FURNISH COMPETENT AND FULL-TIME SUPERVISION, EXPERIENCED ROOF MECHANICS, ALL MATERIALS, TOOLS, AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE, IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER, THE ROOF INSTALLATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SPECIFICATION. COMPLY WITH THE LATEST WRITTEN APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS OF THE MANUFACTURER OF THE PRIMARY ROOFING PRODUCTS. IN ADDITION, APPLICATION PRACTICE SHALL COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE LATEST EDITION OF THE HANDBOOK OF ACCEPTED ROOFING KNOWLEDGE (HARK) AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL ROOFING CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION.**
- 3.07 LOCAL REGULATIONS: CONFORM TO REGULATIONS OF PUBLIC AGENCIES, INCLUDING ANY SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS OF THE CITY AND/OR STATE OF JURISDICTION.**
- 3.08 MANUFACTURER REQUIREMENTS: THE PRIMARY ROOFING MATERIALS MANUFACTURER SHALL PROVIDE DIRECT TRAINED FIELD TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE TO ATTEND NECESSARY JOB MEETINGS, PERFORM PERIODIC INSPECTIONS, AND CONDUCT A FINAL INSPECTION UPON SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.**
- 3.09 ROOFING CONFERENCE: TO FINALIZE THE SCOPE OF WORK FOR EACH ROOF, A ROOFING CONFERENCE MUST BE HELD PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK, BETWEEN THE NYCHA, DEVELOPMENT SUPERVISOR, AND NYCHA'S REPRESENTATIVE, THE CERTIFIED ROOFING INSTALLER, CONTRACTOR, THE NYCHA FIELD REPRESENTATIVE THE FIELD TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ROOFING MANUFACTURER PROVIDING THE 30 YEAR NDL GUARANTEE. AT THAT CONFERENCE THE TYPE OF REPLACEMENT ROOFING SYSTEM WILL BE CONFIRMED, AND THE ROOFING MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE WILL PERFORM THE REQUIRED INSPECTION FOR REGISTERING THE 30 YEAR NDL GUARANTEE.**
- 3.10 INSTALLATION OF ALL ROOFING MATERIALS AND SYSTEMS MUST CONFORM TO MINIMUM FM-I-90 WIND UPLIFT OR ANY MORE STRINGENT SPECIFIC HEIGHT AND LOCATION UPLIFT REQUIREMENTS. FASCIA, SUMPS COPING, AND**
- A. gravel stops must conform and be tested to meet ANSI/SPRI ES-1 wind resistance for 110 mph. See Section 07 71 00 Roof Specialties.

3.11 PHASING AND COORDINATION

- A. Phasing work in Overall Development:
1. Scheduling groups of buildings to be worked on in phases is required. See Division 01 General Requirements and the Schematic Sidewalk Shed Drawing for details and information.
- B. Phasing/Coordinating Work at Building
1. Temporary Roofing Protection: The contractor must provide temporary roofing protection from water infiltration of the exposed roof and brick.
 - a. a1. This includes temporary protection immediately after asbestos abatement of waterproofing and flashing at roofs and walls. All abatement of roofing materials involves complete removal of roofing down to the concrete plank structural roof slab. Temporary roofing protection includes:
 - 1) Temporary torch down / vapor barrier to be manufacturer's approved modified cap sheet for use as water stopping on existing slab and up onto existing roofing.
 - 2) Installer of Torch Down Roofing: Must be a certified installer trained in and adhering to all FDNY and New York City Codes and Industry Standards Regulation and Requirements for utilizing gas/torch equipment and installing torch down roofing.
 2. General roofing removal and replacement shall only commence once:
 - a. Asbestos abatement has been completed.

- b. Brickwork staged from the roof and railing replacement with new railing has been completed.
- 3. Criteria which allow the Contractor to remove roofing assembly over an entire roof leaving to existing sound waterproof vapor barrier as temporary waterproofing membrane.
 - a. The ambient temperatures must remain above 45 degrees for the entire period a roofing system will be replaced.
 - b. If inspection of the existing vapor barrier by the NYCHA representative/CM finds the existing vapor barrier sound, dry and waterproof the contractor may still under direction of the field representative/CM patch any areas of the existing vapor barrier to assure that the roof is watertight.
 - c. Then the contractor may be allowed to do a complete removal of all roofing down to the existing waterproof vapor barrier which will act as temporary waterproofing.
 - d. Subsequently, as per this specification, the Contractor must remove only that portion of the existing vapor barrier and provide the new roofing assembly/ system, as can be completed in a workday. This includes scarify patching and priming the slab after that portion of the existing vapor barrier has been removed and providing the new roofing system (water stopping, insulation, cover board, roofing membrane and flashing, fascia, and cap flashing).
 - e. If any of these criteria and or conditions can't be met, then the contractor may only remove as much roofing as can be replaced within one day (which includes removing existing vapor barrier).
 - f. Existing vapor barrier as temporary waterproofing will be removed and replaced with new vapor barrier prior to installation of new roofing assembly.
- 4. Coordinating 2 Piece Cap Flashing Heights: At all roofs and where shown on drawings new stainless steel through wall cap flashing at bulkheads and building walls, and regleted cap flashing are being provided under masonry work. Coordinate to ensure that the cap flashing is installed at adequate height above the finished roofing.
- 5. No asbestos-containing containing materials shall be permitted on site or for any use, as either a temporary or permanent part of construction.
 - a. SCOPE OF WORK

3.12 SLOPED INSULATION DRAWING. THOUGH THE LIQUID APPLIED ROOFING SYSTEM SPECIFIED IS A WATERPROOFING SYSTEM AND CAN TOLERATE STANDING WATER, NYCHA THE OWNER REQUIRES AT MINIMUM A HYBRID TAPER AND WHERE POSSIBLE A FULL TAPER SLOPED SYSTEM WHICH WILL MOVE WATER TOWARDS DRAINS. THEREFORE, THE CONTRACTOR MUST SURVEY THE ROOFS AND PROVIDE SLOPED INSULATION DRAWINGS. THE SCHEMATIC SLOPED INSULATION PLANS (IN THE BID SET DRAWINGS) ARE ONLY CONCEPTUAL BUT CAN ASSIST IN MAKING BIDS AS WELL AS SERVE AS A BACKGROUND FOR FINAL SLOPED INSULATION DRAWINGS.

- A. Provide Survey: The accepted Contractor shall have Licensed surveyor perform a survey of roof existing elevations/slopes, windowsill heights, cap flashing/weep holes, heights of curbs, fire escape platform, all penetrations and railing above the roof slab.
- B. Provide sloped insulation shop drawing: The Contractor shall then send that Survey on a scaled roof plan to a taper insulation Designer and coordinate with them to obtain a detailed insulation layout drawing which directs water towards drains and does not overwhelm door saddles, cap flashing/weep holes and leaves minimum contract required 48" between the top of the proposed finished roofing and the top of the perimeter fence or parapet.
- C. Provide a 1/8" positive sloped insulation plus drainage enhancers/sumps/crickets/kickers to effectively channel water through the roof drain. The Contractor shall then incorporate the final sloped insulation drawing into a Shop Drawing for submission and approval by NYCHA.
- D. NOTE:
- E. NYS Energy Code and HUD CF24R value requirements for roofing insulation: NYS/NYC ECC and HUD require a minimum weighted average R-value of 35 for roofing insulation assemblies (insulation and cover board) above the roof deck.

- F. The Manufacturer's Insulation Layout Design is integral to a 30 year NDL guaranteed roofing system. Deviations from their layout may void the guarantee and as such must not be done without be signed pre-approval by the Roofing Manufacturer and the Authority. Layout design must indicate minimum thicknesses, taper layout, drainage enhancers, and sumps.
- G. GENERAL CONTRACTOR's COORDINATION OF CAP FLASHING UNDER MASONRY RESTORATION (Division 04, Section 04 20 00): Since installation the new through wall and regulated cap flashing are being performed under masonry restoration the General Contractor must coordinate the installation height of the 2 pieces with the final finished height of the roofing installation.
 - a. Roof Drains, Leaders and Traps
- H. Prior to commencement of work, NYCHA's Representative, the Contractor, Development Superintendent and Contract Inspector shall conduct a joint survey to determine which (if any) of the roof drains and leaders are blocked. The contractor shall be responsible for performing this test. Contractor shall provide all tools, equipment, and manpower required to evaluate every roof drain or leader.
- I. Attach to the minutes of the pre-construction meeting, three copies of a form listing the
 - 1. condition of each drain line and signed by the Development Superintendent and Contractor.
- J. The Development Superintendent is responsible for unclogging blocked drains and leaders in a timely manner to allow the beginning of roofing work.
- K. No roofing work shall commence until the Contractor and Development Superintendent certify in writing to NYCHA that all roof drain and leaders are in working order and free of blockages. Any subsequent blockages encountered shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and will be treated as a punch list item.
- L. Clean debris and all foreign matter from the drain bodies.
- M. Provide new Vandal Resistant stainless steel perforated gravel guard.
- N. Provide temporary wood protection plugs in roof drains during work. Remove them at the end of each workday and once work is completed.
- O. Provide replacement/retrofit roof drain (all hardware to be Vandal resistant). See Section 22 14 23 Storm Drainage Specialties.
 - a. Description of Work
- P. Consists of removal of the existing roofing system down to the concrete structural slab at Apartment Buildings, Community Center Low, Children Center/Garage and concrete roof plank slab at Community Center high roof, Repairing/replacing and mechanically preparing slab for new roof system installation, providing a fully reinforced, cold fluid applied, insulated roof system assembly and performing related work.
 - 1. Main, Bulkhead, Boiler, Community Center (High and Low Roofs), Children Center/Garage, covered walkway, canopy and eyebrow roofs:
 - a. After abatement and partial removal of allowable amounts of existing roofing down to the concrete structural plank roof slab:
 - 1) Scarify the slab.
 - 2) Patch structural roof slab with quick curing patch. A3. Prime with asphalt primer.
 - 3) Torch down temporary roofing / vapor barrier. A5. Temporary flash around all penetrations.
 - b. Provide Torch down SBS Base sheet adhered to roof slab / vapor Barrier, and up onto vertical walls.
 - c. Provide tapered / sloped / or hybrid roof insulation with water stopping every 400 sq. ft., as indicated in the drawings, installed / adhered in compatible roof insulation adhesive.
 - d. Provide cement roofing cover board installed/adhered in compatible roof insulation adhesive.

- e. Provide SBS top cap sheet adhered to primed cement board to provide a uniform substrate and cover all joints in cement board.
 - f. Cold Fluid Applied, Reinforced, Liquid Applied Roofing
- Q. Primer:
- 1. Apply appropriate proprietary fast-curing primer on all substrates as required or recommended by the cold liquid-applied Membrane Manufacturer.
 - 2. For substrates requiring metal primer, apply single component fast-curing primer as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer.
 - 3. For substrates requiring standard primer, apply two component fast-curing PMMA primer as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer.
- R. Reinforcement:
- 1. Needle punched polyester fleece reinforcement with a minimum weight of 110 grams per square meter.
- S. Membrane Resin:
- 1. Two (2) component Polymethyl Methacrylate (PMMA), solvent free, Low VOC, odor free for use in field and flashings.
- T. Aggregate Walkway Surfacing:
- U. Supplemental coat of two (2) component PMMA textured finish topcoat with integrally mixed color and aggregate for slip-resistant surfacing and aesthetic finish.
- a. Roofing metal edge systems: Facias, sumps, and cap flashing metal systems shall be stainless steel and each location's specific profile shall be tested and certified for ANSI/SPRI ES-1 wind resistance for 110 mph. See Section 07 71 00 Roof Specialties.
 - 1) OTHER RELATED WORK IN SEPARATE SECTIONS OF THIS SPECIFICATION

3.13 DIVISION 01-GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

3.14 02 82 13 "ASBESTOS ABATEMENT OF ROOFING MATERIALS".

3.15 03 01 00 "CONCRETE RESTORATION".

3.16 04 20 00 "MASONRY RESTORATION".

3.17 07 71 00 "ROOF SPECIALTIES".

3.18 22 14 23 "STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES".

- 1) REFERENCES

- 3.19 NATIONAL ROOFING CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION (NRCA) ROOFING AND WATERPROOFING MANUAL.**
- 3.20 ACI-308 - RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR CURING CONCRETE**
- 3.21 ANS/SPRI ES-1 - WIND DESIGN STANDARD FOR EDGE SYSTEMS USED WITH LOW SLOPE ROOFING SYSTEMS**
- 3.22 ASTM- C836 - STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR HIGH SOLIDS CONTENT, COLD LIQUID-APPLIED ELASTOMERIC WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE**
- 3.23 ASTM D638 - TEST METHODS FOR TENSILE PROPERTIES OF PLASTICS**
- 3.24 ASTM D4258 - STANDARD PRACTICE FOR SURFACE CLEANING CONCRETE FOR COATINGS**
- 3.25 ASTM D4259 - STANDARD PRACTICE FOR ABRADING CONCRETE**
- 3.26 ASTM D4541 - METHOD FOR PULL-OFF STRENGTH OF COATINGS USING PORTABLE ADHESION TESTER**
- 3.27 ASTM - E96(A) - TEST METHODS OF MOISTURE TRANSMISSION OF MATERIAL.**
- 3.28 ASTM E108, ANSI/UL 790 FOR FIRE RESISTANCE.**
- 3.29 FACTORY MUTUAL (FM GLOBAL) – APPROVAL GUIDE**
- 3.30 COOL ROOF RATING COUNCIL (CRRC) – STANDARD 1 – 2012**
- 3.31 ASTM E903-96, STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR SOLAR ABSORPTANCE, REFLECTANCE, AND**
 - A. Transmittance of Materials Using Integrating Spheres in conjunction with ASTM E89187, Tables for Terrestrial Direct Normal Solar Spectral Irradiance Tables for Air Mass 1.5.
- 3.32 ASTM C1371-04A, STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR DETERMINATION OF EMITTANCE OF MATERIALS.**
- 3.33 ASTM E1918-06, STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR MEASURING SOLAR REFLECTANCE OF HORIZONTAL AND LOW- SLOPED SURFACES IN THE FIELD.**
- 3.34 ASTM C1549-09, STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR DETERMINATION OF SOLAR REFLECTANCE.**
- 3.35 CRRC-1, TEST METHOD 1**
- 3.36 INTERNATIONAL CONCRETE REPAIR INSTITUTE GUIDELINE 03732 CONCRETE SURFACE PREPARATION**
- 3.37 SHEET METAL AND AIR CONDITIONING CONTRACTORS’ NATIONAL ASSOCIATION (SMACNA) - ARCHITECTURAL SHEET METAL MANUAL**
- 3.38 STEEL STRUCTURES PAINTING COUNCIL (SSPC)**
 - 1) SUBMISSIONS
- 3.39 ALSO SEE GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: SECTION 01 33 00 - SUBMISSIONS, FOR OTHER SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**
 - A. No work shall begin, or any materials be ordered, until receipt of written approval from the Authority on all requested materials, items, Submissions or Shop Drawings. Final approved copies of all Shop Drawings must be completed without added corrections, in pencil or ink.
 - B. Membrane System Product Data: Provide current standard printed product literature indicating characteristics of membrane materials, flashing materials, components, and accessories product specification and installation.
 - C. Product Samples: Submit product samples of membrane and flashing materials showing color, texture, thickness and surfacing representative of the proposed system for review and approval by the Owners Representative.

- D. Submit sample copies of both the Manufacturer and Applicator warranties for the periods stipulated. Each specimen must be a preprinted representative sample of the issuing company's standard warranty for the system specified.
- E. Submit copies of current Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all components of the work.
- F. FM / UL testing data showing that the system assembly complies with the local wind uplift requirements and provides a Class A fire-rated roof assembly.
- G. CRRC (Cool Roof Rating Council) report data showing that the product is listed on the CRRC website coolroofs.org and that the initial solar reflectance, thermal emittance, and SRI values comply with LEED requirements, local building code requirements, and any specific project requirements.
- H. Survey of existing roof slab elevations, by licensed surveyor.
- I. Product data for roof inculcation.
- J. Shop drawings for sloped insulation (Drainage enhancers) layout and detail. All elevations and thickness shall be coordinated with field survey. The diagrammatic layout shown on the contract drawings should be used only as a guide.
- K. Samples of roof insulation materials and accessories
- L. Final executed warranties, from both Manufacturer and applicator.
 - 1) QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - (a) Membrane Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing fully reinforced cold fluid applied liquid resin waterproofing membrane systems with a minimum of ten (10) years of documented applications in the United States. Membrane Manufacturer shall submit the following certifications for review.
 - (1) B.
 - (b) Materials supplied shall meet the specified requirements.
 - (c) Applicator: Company specializing in performing the work of this section with (3) years documented experience and approved by system manufacturer for warranted membrane installation. Applicator shall submit the following certification for review:
 - (1) Applicator shall submit documentation from the membrane manufacturer to verify contractor's status as an approved applicator for warranted installations.
 - (d) Evaluate moisture content of cementitious substrate materials. Contractor shall determine substrate moisture content throughout the work and record with Daily Inspection Reports or other form of reporting acceptable to the Owner or designated Representative, and Membrane Manufacturer.
 - (e) Evaluate surface moisture content by means of a Tramex Concrete Moisture Encounter Meter. A surface moisture content of ??? 6% is required to allow for proper primer penetration into the substrate.
 - (f) Bubbling, or pinholes within the primer indicates excessive moisture content within the substrate. Blistering of membrane may result from excessive substrate moisture. Primer application during late afternoon/early evening will reduce vapor pressure within the substrate and may alleviate these conditions.
 - (g) Continued bubbling, or pinholes indicates excessive moisture content that requires more substantial measures. Evaluate substrate moisture content by means of relative humidity (RH) probes in accordance with ASTM F2170. Relative moisture content of 75% or greater indicates the need for more extensive substrate priming and sealing. Contact Membrane Manufacturer for recommendations.
 - (1) Random tests to determine tensile bond strength of membrane to substrate shall be conducted by the Contractor at the job site using an

Elcometer Adhesion Tester Model 106 or similar device, or by the performance of a manual pull test. Contractor shall perform tests at the beginning of the Work, and at intervals as required to assure specified adhesion with a minimum of three (3) tests per 5000 sq feet. Smaller areas shall receive a minimum of three (3) tests. Test results shall be submitted to the Owner or his designated Representative and the Membrane Manufacturer. Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner or his designated Representative and Membrane Manufacturer in the event bond test results are below specified values.

2. Adequate surface preparation will be indicated by tensile bond strength of membrane to substrate greater than or equal to 116 psi, as determined by use of an adhesion tester.
3. Adequate surface preparation will be indicated by 135 peel bond strength of membrane to substrate such that cohesive failure of substrate or membrane occurs before adhesive failure of membrane/substrate interface.
4. In the event the bond strengths are less than the minimum specified, additional substrate preparation is required. Repeat testing to verify suitability of substrate preparation.
 - (1) Monitor quantities of installed materials. Monitor application of resin mixture, reinforcing fleece and flashing. Perform Work in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - (b) Mock-up areas shall be used to determine required methods and tools to obtain degree of substrate preparation required by the membrane manufacturer. Conduct tests as required to verify that substrate preparation meets specified requirements. Tests shall include, but are not
 - (1) limited to, tensile bond strength and moisture content of substrate.
5. Prepare and clean a three (3) foot by three (3) foot area of each substrate material type.
 - a. Submit findings in writing to Owner or his designated Representative and Membrane Manufacturer.
6. Mock-up areas shall be maintained for quality control for the entire project.
 - (a) Perform thermal imaging with use of infrared camera after each roofing installation completion and after rainy day.
 - 2) DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING
 - (a) The Contractor together with the Owner or his designated Representative shall define a storage area for all components. The area shall be cool, dry, out of direct sunlight, and in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and relevant regulatory agencies. Materials shall not be stored in quantities that will exceed design loads, damage substrate materials, hinder installation, or drainage.
 - (b) Store solvent-bearing solutions, resins, additives, inhibitors, or adhesives in accordance with the MSDS and/or local fire authority. After partial use of materials replace lids promptly and tightly to prevent contamination.
 - (c) Roll goods shall be stored horizontally on platforms sufficiently elevated to prevent contact with water and other contaminants. DO NOT use rolls that are wet, dirty or have damaged ends.
 - (d) Roofing/waterproofing materials must be always kept dry. If stored outside, raise materials above ground or roof level on pallets and cover with a tarpaulin or other waterproof material. Plastic wrapping installed at the factory should not be used as outside storage covers.
 - (e) Follow manufacturer's directions for protection of materials prior to and during installation. Do not use materials that have been damaged to the point that they will not perform as specified. Fleece reinforcing materials must be clean, dry and free of all contaminants.
 - (f) Copies of all current MSDS for all components shall be kept on site. Provide any and all crew members with appropriate safety data information and training as it relates to the specific chemical compound he or she may be expected to deal with. Each crew member shall be fully aware of first-aid

measures to be undertaken in case of incidents. Comply with requirements of OSHA, NIOSH or local governing authority for workplace safety.

- 3) ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS
 - (a) Protection of adjacent areas from system-related contamination shall be the responsibility of the installer.
 - (b) Do not apply roofing / waterproofing membrane during or with the threat of inclement weather.
 - (c) Application of cold fluid-applied reinforced PMMA roofing / waterproofing membrane may proceed while air temperature is between 23°F (-5°C) and 95°F (35°C) providing the substrate is a minimum of 5°F above the dew point.
 - (d) When ambient temperatures are at or expected to fall below 23°F (-5°C) or reach 95°F (35°C) or higher, follow Membrane System Manufacturer's recommendations for weather related application procedures.
 - (e) Ensure that substrate materials are dry and free of contaminants. DO NOT commence with the application unless substrate conditions are suitable. Contractor shall demonstrate that substrate conditions are suitable for the application of the materials.
 - (f) Modified bitumen membrane should not be installed in extremely cold temperatures unless precautions have been taken to protect the rolls from freezing.
 - (g) Correct solvent, heat welding, adhesive, and/or bitumen application temperatures must be maintained.
 - (h) Verify adhesion regularly during application. Hot-applied bituminous roofing materials must be

3.40 APPLIED PROMPTLY.

- (a) In cold weather conditions, store rolls in a heated location until needed on the roof.
 - (b) Asphalt mopping is not recommended at consistent temperatures below 40°F. Recommended EVT must be maintained.
 - (c) All materials to be installed must be kept dry.
- 2) SAFETY
 - (1) Contractor and contractor's crew members shall observe and enforce all appropriate safety and fire department regulations during installation and handling of roofing materials and asphalts.
 - (2) A fully operational fire extinguisher shall be maintained within reasonable access to each applicator, at propane tanks, and other area, and/or as required by local fire department regulations.
 - (3) Protect all partially and fully completed roofing work from other trades until completion. Whenever possible, stage materials in such a manner that foot traffic is minimized over completed roof areas. When it is not possible to stage materials away from locations where partial or complete installation has taken place, temporary walkways and platforms shall be installed in order to protect all completed roof areas from traffic and point loading during the application process.
 - (4) Temporary tie-ins shall be installed at the end of each workday and removed prior to commencement of work the following day.
 - (5) Additional Criteria:
 - b. 1a. Provide protection against staining and mechanical damage for newly applied roofing and adjacent surfaces throughout this project.
 - c. 1b. Limited Access: Prevent access by the public to materials, tools and equipment during the project.
 - d. 1c. Debris Removal: Remove all debris daily from the project site and take to a legal dumping area authorized to receive such materials.

- e. 1d. Site Condition: Complete, to the NYCHA Field Inspector's satisfaction, all job sites clean-up including building interior where applicable, exterior and landscaping where affected by the construction.
 - (1) Torch Safety (If torch down application is used for vapor barrier and base sheet over Dense Deck): Crew members handling torches shall be trained by an Authorized Certified Roofing Torch Applicator (CERTA) Trainer, be certified according to CERTA torch safety guidelines as published by the National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA) and follow torch safety practices as required by the contractor's insurance carrier. Designate one person on each crew to perform a daily fire watch. The designated crew member shall watch for fires or smoldering materials on all areas during roof construction activity, and for the minimum period required by CERTA guidelines after roofing material application has been suspended for the day.
 - (2) NOTE: The use of Torch down application may require a variance from the NYC Fire Department.
- 2) REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO START OF JOB
 - (1) NOTIFICATION: Give a minimum of five (5) days' notice to the owner and manufacturer prior to commencing any work and notify both parties on a daily basis of any change in work schedule.
 - (2) PERMITS: Obtain all permits required by local agencies and pay all fees, which may be required for the performance of the work.
 - (3) SAFETY: Familiarize every member of the application crew with all fire and safety regulations recommended by OSHA, NRCA and other industry or local governmental groups. See also Section 3.12.
- 3) DECK REQUIREMENTS
 - (1) Weight limits on Roof Slab. Do not overload any portion of the building either by use of or placement of equipment, storage of debris or storage of materials.

- B. The total live and dead load is not to exceed 160 lbs./sq. Ft.
 - (1) The roof deck must be sound, smooth, dry, and free from deformation. Provide patching to level areas prior to start of reroofing.
 - (2) The roof deck must be suitable for the type of roofing system selected and must meet all the deck requirements.

2) PRE-INSTALLATION CONFERENCE

3.41 PRIOR TO SCHEDULED COMMENCEMENT OF THE ROOFING INSTALLATION AND ASSOCIATED WORK, CONDUCT A MEETING AT THE PROJECT SITE WITH THE INSTALLER, NYCHA CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR, THE ROOFING MANUFACTURER'S TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE AND ANY OTHER PERSONS DIRECTLY INVOLVED WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THE INSTALLER SHALL RECORD CONFERENCE DISCUSSIONS TO INCLUDE DECISIONS AND AGREEMENTS REACHED (OR DISAGREEMENTS) AND FURNISH COPIES OF RECORDED DISCUSSIONS TO EACH ATTENDING PARTY. THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THIS MEETING IS TO REVIEW FORESEEABLE METHODS AND PROCEDURES RELATED TO ROOFING WORK.

1) REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- B. All work shall be performed in a safe, professional manner, conforming to all federal, state and local codes.
- C. Exterior Fire Test Exposure: Provide a roofing system that will achieve a rating for roof slopes indicated.
- D. FM / UL Class A.
 - (1) Windstorm Classification: Provide a roofing system, which will achieve a wind uplift rating, as listed in the current FM Approval Guide of FM-I-90.

- (2) Roof Perimeter Metal Edge Wind Design: Provide a roofing system in compliance with ANSI/SPRI ES-1 "Wind Design Standard for Edge Systems Used with Low Slope Roof Systems" for the performance for Maximum Wind Speed and the Building Height required for the project. Provide a ANSI/SPRI ES-1 Certificate of Compliance.
- E. Conform to applicable New York Building code for roof assembly fire hazard.
- (1) Conform to applicable New York Building code for cool/reflective roofing based on product listings available thru CRRC (Cool Roof Rating Council) coolroofs.org.
- 2) PROJECT CONDITIONS
- (1) Protection of adjacent areas from splash or other system-related contamination shall be the responsibility of the Waterproofing installer. Provide adequate protection and windbreaks where necessary.
 - (2) Install materials in accordance with manufacturers Technical Data Sheets, MSDS or as modified by applicable rules and regulations of NIOSH, and local state and federal authorities having jurisdiction.
 - (3) Odor control and elimination measures are not typically necessary, but if required by the Owner or his designated Representative, Contractor shall implement odor control and elimination
 - (4) measures prior to and during the application of the roofing/waterproofing materials. Control/elimination measures shall be field tested at off-hours and typically consists of one (1) or a multiple of the following measures:
 - (5) Sealing of air intakes with activated carbon filters. Install filters in accordance with requirements and recommendations of the filter manufacturer. Seal filters at joints and against building exterior walls to prevent leakage of unfiltered air.
 - (6) Sealing of doorways, windows, and skylights with duct tape and polyethylene sheeting to prevent leakage of air into the building.
 - (7) Erection and use of moveable enclosure(s) sized to accommodate work area(s) and stationary enclosure for resin mixing station. Enclosure shall be field constructed or pre-manufactured of fire-retardant materials in compliance with local code requirements in accordance with requirements of the Owner or his designated Representative. Equipment enclosure(s) with mechanical air intake/exhaust openings and Odor Control Air Cleaners, as required to clean enclosed air volume and to prevent odor migration outside the enclosure. Exhaust opening shall be sealed with activated carbon filter.
 - (8) Protection of Contractor personnel and occupants of the structure and surrounding buildings as necessary to comply with requirements of OSHA, NIOSH and/or governing local authority.
 - (9) When disposing of all refuse or unused materials, observe all EPA, OSHA or local disposal requirements.
 - (10) The General Contractor shall ensure that adequate protection is provided for the duration of the contract to prevent damage to the system by others negligence.
- 3) WARRANTY
- (a) Manufacturer's Premier Warranty: Provide (30) year manufacturer's premier full system warranty under provisions of this section. This warranty provides for cost of labor and materials for loss of water tightness, limited to amounts necessary to effect repairs necessitated by either defective material or defects in related installation workmanship, with no dollar limitation ("NDL").
 - (b) Waterproofing Contractor's Warranty: Provide (5) year "Applicator Maintenance Warranty" covering workmanship for all work of this section

including installation of membrane, flashings, metal work, and roofing/waterproofing accessories.

- (c) Submit (2) executed copies of both the manufacturer and applicator warranties for the periods stipulated, starting from the date of substantial completion. Each warranty must be signed by an authorized representative of the issuing company.

PART 2- PRODUCTS

4.01 GENERAL

- (1) The products herein specified are totally pre-engineered products of the listed manufacturers and establish criteria for the approval of substitutions. Products must be part of a pre-engineered, low VOC fully reinforced cold liquid applied 2 component PMMA resin waterproofing membrane system, equivalent in function, quality, composition, and method of application to be considered for approval as an "Approved Substitute". Substitute materials must meet or exceed all physical performance characteristics of the specified materials. PU/MA, or single component primers or resin systems will not be accepted. A minimum 110 g/m² fleece reinforcement is required.

- (2) ACCESSORIES

4.02 APPLICATION TOOLS, ACCESSORIES, AND CLEANERS: SUPPLIED AND/OR APPROVED BY MEMBRANE MANUFACTURER FOR PRODUCT INSTALLATION.

4.03 SOLVENT-BASED CLEANER FOR TOOLS AND MEMBRANE TIE-INS: MEMBRANE MANUFACTURERS PROPRIETARY CLEANER/ACTIVATOR BASED ON ETHYL ACETATE OR ACETONE.

4.04 WATER-BASED CLEANER FOR MEMBRANE: SIMPLE GREEN HD OR APPROVED EQUAL.

4.05 TOPCOAT SURFACING AND FINISH: MEMBRANE MANUFACTURERS PROPRIETARY PMMA TEXTURED FINISH TOPCOAT WITH INTEGRALLY MIXED AGGREGATE PROVIDING AN AESTHETIC AND SLIP-RESISTANT TOPCOAT.

4.06 LEVELING AND PATCHING: PROVIDE MEMBRANE MANUFACTURERS PROPRIETARY RESIN MORTAR FOR LEVELING, PATCHING AND REPAIRS OF ALL SUBSTRATES AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MEMBRANE MANUFACTURER.

- A. Provide Manufacturers proprietary PMMA Paste or PMMQA resin-mortar for leveling, patching and repairs of all non-traffic bearing horizontal or vertical substrates as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer.
- B. Resin-mortar should be placed after priming substrate with Membrane Manufacturers proprietary primer and in lifts no greater than the maximum thicknesses indicated by the Membrane Manufacturer. Trowel into place and allow to harden. If additional lifts will be required, broadcast top surface of the placed resin-mortar with clean dry
 - 1. 0.7 - 0.05 inch quartz silica at approximately 25% coverage while the resin-mortar is wet. Place next lift once the resin-mortar has cured.

4.07 BACKER ROD: EXPANDED, CLOSED-CELL POLYETHYLENE FOAM DESIGNED FOR USE WITH COLD-APPLIED JOINT SEALANT.

4.08 CAULKING: SINGLE COMPONENT, NON-SAG ELASTOMERIC POLYURETHANE SEALANT MEETING ASTM C920, TYPE S, GRADE NS, CLASS 35 FOR USE IN SEALING CRACKS AND JOINTS, AND MAKING WATERTIGHT SEALS WHERE REQUIRED.

4.09 WOOD NAILERS: NEW WOOD NAILERS SHALL BE PRESSURE TREATED FOR ROT RESISTANCE (E.G., "WOLMANIZED" OR "OSMOSE K-33"), #2 OR BETTER LUMBER. ASPHALTIC OR CREOSOTE TREATED LUMBER IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

- (1) ASPHALT PRIMER (Concrete Deck):

- (2) Asphalt primer shall have maximum curing time of 1-1/2 hour, shall meet ASTM D41.
- (3) TEMPORARY WATERPROOFING (Vapor Barrier):

B. Temporary water proofing shall only be used when existing Vapor Barrier is not used as temporary waterproofing.

4.10 APP BASE SHEET: MINERAL-SURFACED POLYESTER-REINFORCED APP-MODIFIED BITUMEN BASE SHEET CONFORMING TO ASTM D-6222, SUITABLE FOR TORCH APPLICATION AND ADHESION OF POLYISOCYANURATE INSULATION DIRECTLY ABOVE IT.

4.11 SBS BASE SHEET: MINERAL SURFACED FIBERGLASS REINFORCED SBS MODIFIED BITUMEN SHEET CONFORM TO ASTM D-6163; GRADE S, SUITABLE FOR TORCH APPLICATION AND ADHESION OF POLYISOCYANURATE INSULATION BOARD DIRECTLY ABOVE IT.

A. NOTE: For the temporary roofing/waterproofing to be provided as existing roofing is removed shall remain and function as the vapor barrier for the new roofing system is subject to the followings - the only way temporary torch down applied roofing vapor barrier shall remain and function as vapor barrier is by providing certified letter of moisture test on temporary torch down applied roofing vapor barrier to remain by ROOFING MANUFACTURER stating that the temporary torch down applied roofing vapor barrier is not compromised, is 2 ply, remain and function as vapor barrier and won't void guarantee on installation and materials, signed by manufacturer president or Vice president before permanently installing new roofing assemblies.

(1) WATER-STOPPING

4.12 WATER-STOPPING (EVERY 400 SQ. FT.) SHALL CONSIST OF 2 PLYS OF ROOF FELT EXTENDING 10" UNDER AND 6" OVER THE TOP OF THE INSULATION. THESE WATER STOPS FELT SHALL USING COLD APPLIED FLASHING CEMENT BE

A. first set in and adhered to the roof slab, saturated turned up on the vertical edges of the insulation and then turned over fixed to the top of the insulation. ASTM D2178, Type IV Felts.

B. OR

4.13 WATER-STOP MATERIAL (EVERY 400 SQ. FT.) SHALL CONSIST OF 1 PLY OF DUAL SIDED SELF-ADHERED MEMBRANE EXTENDING 10" UNDER AND 6" OVER THE TOP OF THE INSULATION. SELF-ADHERED MEMBRANE SHALL MEET REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D4601.

(1) INSULATION

4.14 POLYISOCYANURATE INSULATION WITH NON ASPHALTIC F A C E R S : MEETING OR EXCEEDING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ASTM C1289-06, TYPE II, CLASS 1, GRADE 3 (25 PSI), 1.5 INCH MINIMUM THICKNESS, WITH THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:

- A. Board Density 2.0 lb./cu ft
- B. Board Size 48x48 or 48 x 96 inches
- C. Board Thickness As required to meet performance requirements.
- D. Thermal Conductivity K factor of 0.17 per ASTM C177
- E. Board Edges square

4.15 TAPERED POLYISOCYANURATE INSULATION WITH NON ASPHALTIC FACERS: MEETING OR EXCEEDING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ASTM C1289-06, TYPE II, CLASS 1, GRADE 3 (25 PSI), 0.5 – 4.5 INCH THICKNESS, WITH THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:

6.	Board Density	2.0 lb./cu ft
7.	Board Size	48x48 or 48 x 96 inches
8.	Board Taper	As required
9.	Total Thickness	As required to achieve an average R value of 35 for total roofing system.

10.	Thermal Conductivity	K factor of 0.17 per ASTM C177,
11.	Board Edges	Square

(1) COVER BOARD / INSULATION

4.16 CEMENT ROOF BOARD: HIGH COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, NON-COMBUSTIBLE, ROOF UNDERLAYMENT BOARD CONSISTING OF AGGREGATED PORTLAND CEMENT SLURRY WITH POLYMER-COATED GLASS-FIBER MESH, WITH THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:

1.	Board Weight	2.4 lbs/sq.ft.
2.	Board Size	48 x 96 inches
3.	Board Thickness	1/2 inch
4.	Flexural Strength	??750 psi, ASTM C-947
5.	Compressive Strength	??1000 psi nominal
6.	Flute Spinnability	12 inch. ASTM E661
7.	Permeance	5.84 perms ASTM E-96
8.	Thermal Conductivity	R-value of 0.39 ASTM C518
9.	Coefficient of thermal expansion	4.5 x 10 ⁶ ASTM E-831

- A. Linear variation w change in moisture ???0.07% max ASTM D1037
- B. Water absorption ???15 % max ASTM C473
- C. Mold resistance 10 ASTM D3273
- D. Board Edges Square

(1) INSULATION AND COVER BOARD SECUREMENT

4.17 POLYURETHANE ADHESIVE: FM-APPROVED SINGLE COMPONENT MOISTURE-CURED, OR TWO COMPONENTS REACTIVE-CURED POLYURETHANE ADHESIVE. ADHESIVE APPLICATION RATE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFIED WIND UPLIFT RATING FOR SYSTEM APPLICATION. ROOFING ADHESIVE SHALL BE A TYPE APPROVED BY MEMBRANE AND INSULATION MANUFACTURER.

- (1) UNDERLAYMENT PLY MEMBRANE (Suitable for Cold Fluid Application above it)

4.18 SBS SHEET (SMOOTH SURFACE): MINERAL SURFACED POLYESTER REINFORCED SBS MODIFIED BITUMEN SHEET CONFORMING TO ASTM D-6164; GRADE S, SUITABLE FOR TORCH AND SELF-ADHESIVE APPLICATION PRIOR TO THE PMMA MEMBRANE INSTALLATION.

- (1) FLASHINGS
- (2) Membrane Flashings: A composite of the same resin material as field membrane with 110 g/m² fleece reinforcement.
- (3) SUBSTRATE PRIMERS (For PMMA Application):

4.19 APPLY APPROPRIATE PROPRIETARY FAST-CURING PRIMER ON ALL SUBSTRATES AS REQUIRED OR RECOMMENDED THE COLD FLUID-APPLIED PMMA MEMBRANE MANUFACTURER.

- A. For substrates requiring metal primer, apply single component fast-curing primer with a brush or lambswool roller at the minimum consumption of 0.17 - 0.2 kg/m² or as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer and allow to cure as required depending upon temperature.
- B. For substrates requiring standard primer, apply two component fast-curing PMMA primer with a lambswool roller at the minimum consumption of 0.037 kg/ft² (0.4 kg/m²) or as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer and allow to cure for 45 minutes minimum.

(1) MEMBRANE

- C. Membrane: Two-component, cold fluid-applied reinforced PMMA waterproofing membrane with a 360 degree needle punched non-woven 110 g/m² polyester reinforcing fleece, for a finished dry film membrane thickness of .080 inch nominal per ply. Provide products manufactured and supplied by one the following:
- D. KEMPER SYSTEM
- E. ALT Global/Westwood.
- F. Johns Manville Corporation.
- G. Siplast, Inc.
- H. SOPREMA, Inc.
- I. Physical Properties:

Property	Value	Test Method
Thickness(avg) @ 0.31 kg/ft ² coverage rate	≥90 mils	ASTM D751/D5147
Weight (min per 100 ft ² of coverage)	68 lb	
Peak Load (avg) @ 73°F	70 lbf/in	ASTM D5147
Elongation at Peak Load (avg) @ 73°F	≥35%	ASTM D5147
Elongation at Peak Load (avg) @ 73°F	≥35%	ASTM D412
Shore A Hardness (avg)	≥70	ASTM D2240
Water Absorption, Method I (24h @ 73°F)	0.8%	ASTM D570
Water Absorption, Method II (48h @ 122°F)	1.2%	ASTM D570
Low temperature flexibility @ 13°F	PASS	ASTM D5147
Dimensional Stability (max)	0.15%	ASTM D5147
Color	White	-
Physical state	Cures to solid	-
Min thickness (110 fleece)	90 mils	ASTM D751 or D5147
Tensile strength @ break	??? 60 lbs/in	ASTM D5147/D4073
Elongation	??? 49%	ASTM D751
Tear resistance	???7 lbs	ASTM D751
Water vapor transmission	0.45 Perms	ASTM E96
Water absorption	??? 1.5%	ASTM D471
Static Puncture	≥30	ASTM D5602
Usage time*	15 minutes	-
Rainproof after*	30 minutes	-

Solid to walk on after*	1 hour	-
Solid to drive on with air rubber tires after*	3 hours	-

- (1) Walkway Pads
- (2) Walkway Pads (slip-resistant) shall be compatible with the roofing system, 1/2" thick and 36" x 72" size as manufactured by roofing manufacturer or equal. PMMA Textured Top Reinforced Coat, catalyst to form a flexible resin and with pre-mixed aggregate, elastomeric, liquid applied topcoat along walkway path as indicated on Contract Document drawings. Color shall be traffic yellow or equal and to be approved by NYCHA representative (Architect).

4.20 WOOD BLOCKING AND WOOD NAILERS: SHALL BE PRESSURE TREATED WITH WATER BORNE PRESERVATIVES SUCH AS WOLLMAN CCA SALTS OR EQUAL. NEW WOOD BLOCKING SHALL MATCH THE THICKNESS OF THE NEW ROOF INSULATION AND SHALL BE FASTENED TO THE EXISTING SLAB WITH POWDER ACTUATED HILTI MODEL DNI72P8536 OR APPROVED EQUAL, ZINC COATED STEEL PIN FASTENERS WITH A 1.42 INCH DIAMETER STEEL WASHER. FASTENERS SHALL PENETRATE 1"-1/2" INTO CONCRETE AND SHALL BE SPACED APPROX. 16" O.C. EXCEPT AT CORNERS AND TERMINATIONS OF NAILERS AND BLOCKING WHERE THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED 4" FROM END POINTS.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

5.01 GENERAL

5.02 VERIFY DECK/SUBSTRATE OPENINGS, CURBS, AND PROTRUSIONS THROUGH DECK/SUBSTRATE, WOOD CANT STRIPS AND REGLETS ARE IN PLACE AND SOLIDLY SET.

5.03 VERIFY THAT SURFACES AND SITE CONDITIONS ARE READY TO RECEIVE WORK.

5.04 VERIFY DECK/SUBSTRATE IS STRUCTURALLY SUPPORTED, SECURE AND SOUND.

5.05 INSPECTION

5.06 NYCHA’S FIELD INSPECTOR, INSTALLER SHALL INSPECT AND APPROVE THE PREPARED SUBSTRATE PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF THE SEALER/PRIMER COAT.

5.07 RANDOM TESTS FOR ADEQUATE TENSILE STRENGTH OF THE SUBSTRATE SHALL BE CONDUCTED (USING AN ELCOMETER ADHESION TESTER) ON THE SUBSTRATE BY THE INSTALLER (FOR AN AGREED FEE), AT A MINIMUM FREQUENCY OF ONE PER 5000 SF. FOR ROOFS 15,000 SQ. FT. AND SMALLER, A MINIMUM OF THREE TESTS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AND THE RESULTS RECORDED. C. THE MINIMUM TENSILE BOND STRENGTH OF THE CONCRETE SHALL BE 116 PSI.

5.08 ROOFING SYSTEM SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

5.09 GENERAL: SURFACES TO BE PREPARED AS A SUBSTRATE FOR THE NEW WATERPROOFING SYSTEM AS FOLLOWS:

- A. The contractor shall determine the condition of the existing structural deck/substrate. All defects in the deck or substrate shall be corrected before new waterproofing work commences. Areas of deteriorated deck/substrate, porous or other affected materials must be removed and replaced with new to match existing.
- B. Prepare flashing substrates as required for application of new waterproofing membrane flashings.
- C. Inspect substrates, and correct defects before application of new waterproofing. Fill all surface voids greater than 1/8 inch wide with an acceptable fill material.
- D. Remove all ponded water, snow, frost and/or ice from the work substrate prior to installing new waterproofing materials.

- E. The final substrate for waterproofing shall be clean, dry, free of loose, spalled or weak material including coatings, mineral aggregate, and flood coat/gravel surfacing, oil, grease, contaminants, abrupt changes in level, waterproofing agents, curing compounds, and free of projections which could damage membrane materials.

5.10 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE:

- A. New concrete shall have cured a minimum of 28 days in accordance with ACI-308, or as approved by Waterproofing Manufacturer's Technical Department.
 - (1) New or existing concrete shall be free of oil, grease, curing compounds, loose particles, moss, algae growth, laitance, friable matter, dirt, bituminous products and previous waterproofing materials.
 - (2) New or existing concrete shall be dry with a maximum moisture content of six (6) percent. Determinations of moisture content shall be performed by the Contractor. Contractor shall be responsible to perform periodic evaluations of moisture content during the work. Moisture evaluation results shall be submitted in writing to the Owner or his designated Representative and Waterproofing manufacturer for acceptance.
 - (3) Where required, concrete shall be abrasively cleaned in accordance with ASTM D4259 to provide a sound substrate free from laitance. Achieve an open concrete surface in accordance with ICRI surface profiles CSP 3-5. When using mechanical methods to remove existing waterproofing products or surface deterioration, the surface profile is not to exceed ¼ inch (peak to valley).
 - (4) The substrate shall be sound and all spalls, voids and blow holes on vertical or horizontal surfaces must be repaired prior to placement of the primer coat. Spalls and other deterioration shall be repaired in accordance with the requirements of the Owner or his designated Representative and Membrane manufacturer.
 - (5) Areas of minor surface deterioration of 0.25" (0.24 inch) or greater in depth shall be repaired to prevent possible pooling of the liquid applied materials, leading to excessive usage of primer and resin.
 - (6) Hollow-core panels, T-panels, and Twin-T panels shall have grouted joints between panels and shall be provided with mechanical securement from panel to panel.
 - (7) For concrete materials with a compressive strength of less than 3,000 psi contact Waterproofing Manufacturer's Technical Department for substrate preparation requirements.
- B. Masonry:
- C. Walls shall be built with hard kiln dried brick or waterproof concrete block construction.
- D. Areas of soft or scaling brick or concrete, faulty mortar joints, or walls with broken, damaged, or leaking coping shall be repaired in accordance with the requirements of the Owner or his designated Representative and Flashing Membrane Manufacturer.
- E. Steel/Metal:
- F. Clean and prepare metal surfaces to near white metal in accordance with SSPC-SP 3 (power tool clean) or as required by membrane manufacturer. Extend preparation a minimum of one 1. inch beyond the termination of the membrane flashing materials.
- G. In addition to cleaning, all metal surfaces shall be abraded to provide a rough open surface. A wire brush finish is not acceptable.
- H. Wood/Plywood:
- I. Plywood shall be identified with American Plywood Association (APA) grade trademarks and shall meet the requirements of product standard PS 1. Strip all plywood joints with minimum 1.5-inch (+/-0.13 feet) wide bond breaker tape followed with minimum 6 inch wide strips of cold

fluid-applied reinforced membrane flashing strip. Fill all knot holes and cracks with Membrane Manufacturers PMMA Paste.

- J. Other Flashing Surfaces:
- K. Remove all contaminants as required by membrane manufacturer. Surface preparation shall be performed by means approved by NYCHA or designated Authority Representative.
- L. Finish Leveling, Patching and Crack Preparation:
- M. General: Membrane Manufacturers proprietary PMMA Paste and Repair Mortar are the preferred materials for all concrete and masonry substrate finish leveling crack and wall/deck preparation and patching. PMMA Paste and Repair Mortars provides a fast-set time of approximately 45-minutes and does not require surface grinding. PMMA Paste and Repair Mortars are typically applied after general surface priming.
- N. Concrete Plank and Masonry Substrate Leveling & Patching: Substrate conditions are to be evaluated by the Contractor, the Owner, or his designated Representative, and Membrane manufacturer. Perform leveling and patching operations as follows:
 - 1. Level uneven surfaces. Spread and plane PMMA Paste or Repair Mortar using trowel to achieve a flat surface.
 - a. Fill cavities PMMA Paste or Resin Mortar.
 - b. Any surface to be leveled or filled must first be primed with an appropriate primer.
 - (a) Concrete Repair: cracks and spalls in the structural deck/substrate shall be prepared as
 - 2. defined in Concrete Restoration Division prior to installation of the waterproofing membrane. Note: cracks and fractures may telegraph through the waterproofing membrane.
 - a. SBS BASE SHEET TEMPORARY ROOF / VAPOR INSTALLATION
- O. Install Base/Cap Sheet: Install mineral-surfaced Base sheet in accordance with sheet manufacturer's current published specifications and recommendations for use with adhered roofing.
- P. Mineral Surfaced SBS Base sheet Torch-Applied Attachment: Follow Base sheet manufacturer's recommendations for the appropriate application procedure. Roll each cap sheet into molten bitumen. Limit bitumen bleed-out at laps to 1/4" or less.
- Q. Mineral Surfaced Base / Cap Sheet/SBS sheet Self-Adhered Attachment: Follow Base sheet manufacturer's recommendations for the appropriate application procedure.
- R. Fit Base / Cap Sheet/SBS Base Sheet: Neatly fit sheet to all penetrations, projections, curbs, and walls. Extend over all nailers. Cap sheet shall be overlapped a minimum of 3" for side laps and 6" for end laps. Seal at penetrations, projections, curbs and walls with urethane-based sealant. Do not use asphaltic flashing cement.
 - a. INSULATION / COVER BOARD INSTALLATION
- S. General: Insulation and cover board shall be installed in accordance with the insulation/cover board manufacturer's current published specifications and recommendations for use with adhered roofing.
- T. Install Insulation/Cover Board: Install only as much insulation and cover board as can be primed, sealed, and protected before the end of the day's work or before the onset of inclement weather.
- U. Fit Insulation/Cover Board: Neatly fit insulation/cover board to all penetrations, projections, and nailers. Insulation shall be loosely butted, with gaps not greater than 1/4". All gaps greater than 1/4" shall be filled with acceptable insulation.
 - 1. Cover board shall be loosely butted, with gaps not greater than 1/4". All gaps greater than 1/8" shall be filled with primer; all gaps greater than 1/4" shall be filled with polyurethane sealant.

- V. Strip-In Cover Board Joints: Strip all cover board joints with four inch (4") wide strip of flashing membrane. Under no circumstances shall the membrane be left unsupported over a space greater than 1/4".
- W. Stagger Insulation/Cover Board Joints: When installing multiple layers of insulation, all joints between succeeding layers shall be staggered a minimum of 6" in each direction.
- X. Steel Deck Substrates: Place boards perpendicular to steel deck flutes with edges over flute surface for bearing support. Edges shall be checked so that no edges are left substantially unsupported along the flutes.
- Y. Drain Sumps: Insulation shall be feathered or tapered to provide a sump area a minimum of 36" x 36" where possible at all drains. Taper insulation around roof drains so as to provide proper slope for drainage. In areas where feathered or tapered insulation leaves
 - 1. insulation core exposed, cover with an appropriate cover board or base sheet/cap sheet assembly to provide a sound and smooth substrate surface.
- Z. Polyurethane Adhesive Attachment: Follow insulation/cover board and adhesive manufacturers' recommendations for the appropriate adhesive application rate and application procedure. Under normal application rate, dispense the first bead 3" inside the outside edges of the insulation/cover board to be attached, with sequential beads
 - 1. equidistant. Place the boards onto the roofing adhesive beads. Walk on the boards to spread the roofing adhesive for maximum contact. Periodically walk on the boards until firmly attached. Reference FM approvals for adhesive application patterns that satisfy FM wind uplift requirements. Typical application is a 3/4" bead of roofing adhesive at a rate
 - 2. of one lineal foot per square foot of insulation/cover board to be attached. Note: additional adhesive is required in the corner and perimeter regions of the roof. Secure insulation/cover board in accordance with approval requirements.
 - a. PRIMER APPLICATION (PMMA):
 - 3. General:
 - a. Mix and apply single and two-component PMMA primer in strict accordance with written instructions of Membrane Manufacturer. Use only proprietary materials, as supplied by the membrane manufacturer.
 - b. The substrate surface must be dry, with any remaining dust or loose particles removed using clean, dry, oil-free compressed air, industrial vacuum, cloth wipe or
 - c. a combination of methods.
 - d. Do not install primer on any substrate containing newly applied and/or active asphalt, coal-tar pitch, creosote or penta-based materials unless approved in writing by Membrane Manufacturer. Some substrates may require additional preparation before applying primer.
 - 4. Application of Primer:
 - a. Roll or brush the primer evenly onto the surface to fully saturate the substrate in one application. Do not allow primer to pond or collect in low areas. Follow manufacturer's recommended application rates to ensure that a thin layer of cured primer remains on the substrate surface.
 - b. Apply primer only up to the edge of the membrane flashing terminations. Primer application past the membrane terminations requires surfacing with an approved material.
 - c. Allow standard primers to cure for a minimum of 45-minutes before membrane application or as indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Membrane must be applied to primer only when completely dry and without tack.
 - d. The clean and fully cured primer can be coated after a minimum of approximately 30-45 minutes up to a maximum of 6-months. If the surface of the primer becomes dirty or contaminated or left exposed to the elements for more than 12- hours, thoroughly clean the in-place and cured primer with Membrane Manufacturers proprietary Activator/Cleaner. Activator/Cleaner should be allowed a minimum of 20-minutes evaporation time after application, and over-coated within 60-minutes of application.

Primer should not be used as temporary waterproofing, unless approved in writing by the Membrane Manufacturer.

5. Disposal of Primer:
 - a. Cured primer may be disposed of in standard landfills. This is accomplished by thoroughly mixing all components.
 - b. Uncured primer is considered a hazardous material and must be handled as such, in accordance with local, state and federal regulation. Do not through uncured resin away.

AA. FLASHING APPLICATION

- a. General:
- b. Install flashing system in accordance with the requirements / recommendations of
 - 1) the Membrane manufacturer and as depicted on standard drawings and details.
Provide system with base flashing, edge flashing, penetration flashing, counter flashing, and all other flashings required for a complete watertight system.
- c. Wherever possible, install the flashings before installing the field membrane to minimize foot traffic over newly installed field membrane.
- d. All membrane flashings shall be installed concurrently with the waterproofing membrane as the job progresses. Temporary flashings are not allowed without prior written approval from the Membrane manufacturer. Should any water penetrate the new waterproofing membrane because of incomplete flashings, the affected area shall be removed and replaced at the contractor's expense.
- e. Provide a minimum vertical height of 8" for all flashing terminations. Flashing height
 - 1) shall be at least as high as the potential water level that could be reached as a result of a deluging rain and/or poor slope. Do not flash over existing through-wall flashings, weep holes and overflow scuppers.
- f. All flashings shall be terminated as required by the Membrane Manufacturer.
- g. A subsequent coat of PMMA resin broadcast with approved kiln-dried quartz aggregate surfacing shall be applied wherever stone, concrete, or masonry elements will be placed directly over the flashing to provide a bonding surface and additional protection for the membrane.
- h. Metal Flashing – General:
- i. Metal flashings shall be fabricated in accordance with the current recommendations of SMACNA and in accordance with standard drawings and project details.
- j. Metal flashing flanges to which membrane is to be bonded shall be a minimum of four (4) inches in width and secured to the substrate or wood nailers six (6) inches on center staggered with fasteners appropriate to the substrate type. The flanges shall be provided with a roughened surface that has been cleaned of all oil and other residue.
- k. Metal edges that will be overlaid with membrane shall be provided with a 1/4" min. hemmed edge.
- l. Apply primer, resin and fleece to metal flange, extending membrane to outside face of metal edging, and to vertical face of metal base/curb flashing.
2. Membrane Flashing – General:
 - a. Membrane flashings shall be fabricated with primer appropriate for the substrate surface, resin of the same base chemical type as the field membrane, and fleece of the same weight as the field membrane unless specified otherwise.
 - b. Primer, resin, and fleece mixing, and application methods as specified for field membranes are also suitable for membrane flashing. Fleece shall overlap 2" (0.16 feet) minimum for all side joints and 4-inch (0.33 feet) overlaps at butt laps, tie-ins and horizontally at all substrates. Fleece shall be cut neatly to fit all flashing conditions without a buildup of multiple fleece layers. Work wet membrane with a brush or roller to eliminate blisters, openings, or lifting at corners, junctions, and transitions.
 - c. Pipes, Conduits, and Unusual Shaped Penetrations:

- d. Pipes conduits and other items to be flashed must be separated with 1-inch (0.08 feet) minimum clearance or as recommended by Membrane Manufacturer to adequate waterproof each individual penetration.
- e. All penetrations must be flashed individually. Two or more items ganged together in a flashing will NOT be permitted.
- f. Flash penetrations using cold fluid-applied reinforced membrane or Membrane Manufacturers proprietary flashing matrix as recommended. Flashing shall consist of a reinforced deck skirt/target flashing and reinforced vertical wrap.
- g. Roof Drains and Scuppers:
- h. Flash roof drains using cold fluid-applied membrane. Flashing shall consist of target flashing extending minimum 12-inches (0.98 feet) horizontally onto the substrate and extend down into the prepared drain bowl a minimum of 3-inches (0.25 feet).
- i. At no time should the cold fluid-applied membrane be installed to restrict or reduce the drain inlet in size.
- j. For new roof drains, Contractor shall include cost of all plumbing work, piping and connection to existing storm sewer system. Acceptable drain and scupper materials are cast iron, cast aluminum, stainless steel and copper.
- k. Connect new drains and scuppers to existing storm sewer system.
- l. Alternatively, replace all broken or damaged parts of existing drains and scuppers.
- m. Flashing material shall extend four (4) inches minimum onto drain or scupper flange and into drain/scupper body.
- n. Install clamping ring if provided as part of the drain or scupper design. Install a strainer basket to prevent debris from clogging the drainage line.
- o. Hot Pipes:
- p. Protect cold fluid-applied membrane components from direct contact with steam or heat sources when the in-service temperature exceeds 150 degrees Fahrenheit. In all such cases flash to an intermediate "cool" sleeve.
- q. Fabricate "cool" sleeve in the form of a metal cone using galvanized metal in accordance with membrane manufacturer details.
- r. Flash sleeve using cold fluid-applied reinforced membrane or Membrane Manufacturers proprietary flashing matrix as recommended. Flashing shall consist of a reinforced deck skirt/target flashing and reinforced vertical wrap.
- s. Flexible Penetrations
- t. Provide a weather-tight gooseneck set in Membrane Manufacturers acrylic resin paste and secured to the deck.
- u. Flash gooseneck penetrations using cold fluid-applied reinforced membrane or Membrane Manufacturers proprietary flashing matrix as recommended. Flashing shall consist of a reinforced deck skirt/target flashing and reinforced vertical wrap.
- v. Walls, Curbs and Bases:
- w. Flash all walls, curbs and base flashings using cold fluid-applied reinforced membrane. Wherever possible extend flashing up and over tops of walls, curbs, and bases so the membrane terminates on the opposite vertical face of the building element.
- x. Wall, curb, and base flashings shall be installed to solid substrate surfaces only. Adhering to gypsum-based panels, cementitious stucco, synthetic stucco, wood or metal siding, and other similar materials is not acceptable.
- y. All pins, dowels and other fixation elements shall be flashed separately with a vertical flashing component prior to installing the exposed flashing layer.
 - 1) Expansion Joints:
- z. Flash all expansion joints with two layers of cold fluid-applied reinforced membrane. The bottom ply shall be installed using 1-ply of Membrane Manufacturers fabric reinforced membrane followed by 1ply of Membrane Manufacturers MMA flashing matrix applied over an expansion tube and bond breaker tape.
 - 1) Drip Edges and Gravel Stops:

- aa. Metal drip edges and gravel stops shall be installed to solid substrate surfaces or
 - 1) wood nailers only. Securement to gypsum-based panels, cementitious stucco, synthetic stucco, wood or metal siding or coping, and other similar materials is not acceptable.
- bb. Flash all drip edges and gravel stops by extending the field membrane all the way to the edge of the exposed face prior to installing the metal edging. Strip in the metal flange with a separate 8- i n c h - w i d e strip of membrane adhered to both the securement flange and to the field membrane.
- cc. For conditions where water infiltration behind the exposed drip edge or gravel stop face is possible, install a separate membrane layer positioned behind the face area and extending a minimum of four (4) inches past the securement flange onto the field substrate prior to installing the drip edge or gravel stop.
 - 1) Electrical Conduit, Gas Lines and Lightning Protection:
 - 2) Supports for electrical conduit and gas lines greater than one (1) inch in diameter require the use of a separate engineered support system.
 - 3) Supports for electrical conduit and gas lines one (1) inch or less in diameter, and bases for lightning protection rods and cable, can be adhered directly to the membrane surface with a single-component, high quality polyurethane sealant.

5.11 MEMBRANE APPLICATION

- 1) General:
 - b. Follow application procedures as indicated in manufacturer's written Instructions.
 - c. It is recommended to apply the waterproofing membrane immediately following full curing of the primer to obtain the best bond between primer and membrane.
 - d. PMMA systems that utilize an SBS base sheet can allow phasing or postponement of the PMMA application. The SBS base sheet can be utilized as temporary waterproofing. Contact membrane manufacturer for application requirements.
 - e. Mix and apply cold fluid applied reinforced PMMA waterproofing membrane in strict accordance with written instructions of Membrane Manufacturer. Use only proprietary membrane resins and materials, as supplied by the m e m b r a n e manufacturer.
 - f. The primed substrate surface shall be dry, with any remaining dust or loose particles removed using clean, dry, oil-free compressed air, industrial vacuum, cloth-wipe or a combination.
 - g. Protect all areas where membrane has been installed. Do not work off installed membrane during application of remaining work before one (1) hour of curing. Movement of materials and equipment across installed membrane is not acceptable. If movement is necessary, provide complete protection of affected areas.
 - h. Closely follow the Membrane Manufacturer's recommendation for hot and cold weather application. Monitor surface and ambient temperatures, including the effects of wind chill.
 - 1) Mixing of Resin:
 - i. Mix PMMA resin component with a spiral agitator until the liquid is a uniform color. Pour PMMA resin to be used into a clean mixing bucket, add an appropriate amount of Membrane Manufacturers proprietary Catalyst Powder and thoroughly mix with clean spiral agitator for 2 to 4-minutes depending on ambient temperature.
 - 1) Mix only that amount of PMMA resin with catalyst powder that can be used in 30 minutes.
 - 2) Application of Resin/Fleece:
 - j. Apply mixed resin to the prepared surface at the manufacturer's recommended application rate. The resin should be rolled liberally and evenly onto the surface using a broad, even stroke. Cover one working area at a time, between 15 – 20 ft.2 (1.4 – 1.9 sq yard). Using a lambswool roller, apply an even layer of cold fluid-applied resin at the minimum consumption of 0.21 kg/ft2 (2.3 kg/m2) or as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer. Fully saturated (fleece) and no visible seams.

- k. Roll out Membrane Manufacturers proprietary fleece reinforcement into the wet resin making sure the SMOOTH SIDE IS FACING UP (natural unrolling procedure), avoiding any folds and wrinkles. removing trapped air, using the lambswool roller. Maintain 2-inches (0.16 feet) minimum overlap at all side and butt laps of reinforcement and extend flashing a minimum of 4-inches (0.33 feet) horizontally onto deck.
- l. Apply an even topcoat of cold fluid-applied resin at the minimum consumption of 1) 0.09 kg/ft² (1.0 kg/m²) or as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer.
- m. Allow completed membrane to cure as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer prior to continuing application or applying loads. Fluid-applied membrane must be rainproof after approximately 60-minutes, and capable of carrying a load, i.e., be walked-on, in approximately 2-hours.
- n. Approximately 2/3 of the total resin should be applied to the substrate below the fleece reinforcement, and 1/3 of the total resin should be applied over the fleece reinforcement.
- o. At all fleece seams, allow a 2" (0.16 feet) overlap for all side joints and a 4" (0.33 feet) overlap for all end joints.
- p. At membrane tie-offs, clean in-place membrane with Membrane Manufacturers proprietary Activator/Cleaner Allow solvents to fully evaporate before application of new resin.
 - 1) Disposal of Resin:
- q. Cured resin may be disposed of in standard landfills. This is accomplished by thoroughly mixing all components.
- r. Uncured resin is considered a hazardous material and must be handled as such, in accordance with local, state and federal regulation. Do not throw uncured resin away.
- s. MEMBRANE PREPARATION FOR SURFACINGS AND COATINGS
- 2. Membrane must be clean and dry, and free of all contaminants that may interfere with the adhesion of the surfacing and coating to the membrane surface.
- 3. Membrane exposed less than 12 hours prior to application of surfacing and coating materials does not require special surface preparation. It is highly recommended that all surfacing and coating materials be applied to the membrane surface within 12 hours. Membrane Re-activation Following.
- 4. Subsequent topcoats (i.e., membrane resin topcoat or Finish application) or daily start-up tie-ins should be applied within 12-hours of the base membrane whenever possible. If work is interrupted for more than 12-hours, use Membrane Manufacturers proprietary Activator/Cleaner to clean and reactivate the in-place membrane.
- 5. Activator/Cleaner should be wiped on the in-place membrane, allowed 20minutes evaporation time, and over-coated within 60-minutes of application. Activator/Cleaner should only be applied over an area that can be over-coated within a 60-minute period. Re-apply Activator/Cleaner as required to assure proper reactivation of all transition areas.
 - a. PROTECTIVESURFACING
 - b. Slip-Resistant Walkway Surfacing
 - c. Where specified for aesthetic treatment provide and install Membrane Manufacturers proprietary aesthetic pigmented Textured Finish topcoat integrally mixed with aggregate.
 - d. Apply Membrane Manufacturers proprietary aesthetic cold fluid-applied pigmented resin topcoat finish using a hard rubber squeegee and a lambswool roller apply an even layer of cold fluid-applied resin at the minimum consumption of 0.046 kg/ft² (0.5 kg/m²) or as recommended by the Membrane Manufacturer and allow to cure for 45 minutes minimum.
 - e. Finish topcoat should be rainproof after approximately 30-minutes and can be walked-on in approximately 2-hours.
 - f. Tape off areas designated to be walkway areas.
 - g. Protection/Bonding Layer

- h. Where placement of concrete, mortar or adhesive setting beds are required over sections of the waterproofing membrane or flashing, apply manufacturer's PMMA resin at the manufacturer's recommended coverage rate, with broadcast to excess of kiln-dried silica sand into wet resin.
- i. Protection shall extend a minimum of one (1) foot (0.3m) past the concrete form on all sides.
- j. TEMPORARY CLOSURES & WATER-STOPS
- k. i. Contractor shall be responsible to ensure that moisture does not damage any completed section of the new waterproofing system. Completion of flashings, terminations, and temporary closures shall be completed as required to provide a watertight condition. All temporary closures shall be made as recommended or required by the membrane manufacturer.
- l. PROTECTION
 - 1) i. Upon completion of waterproofing and flashings (including all associated work), institute appropriate procedures for surveillance and protection of roofing during remainder of construction period. Protect all areas where membrane has been installed.
- m. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
- n. Site Condition: Leave all areas around job site free of debris, roofing materials, equipment and related items after job completion.
- o. Notification of Completion: Notify the membrane manufacturer of job completion and schedule a final inspection date.
- p. Final Inspection: A meeting at the completion of the project with the membrane
- q. manufacturer's technical field representative to evaluate the completed installation of the field and flashing membrane. All punch list items are to be completed prior to the scheduled meeting.
 - (a) Thermal Imaging:
 - 6. Thermal imaging with the use of infrared camera (by FLIR E95 or approved equal) should be performed on each roof after completion of all punch list items.
 - 7. Thermal imaging should be performed after rainy day. Roof surface has to be completely dry to avoid false reading. Imaging work should be scheduled in advance in writing with Owner's representative and Architect.
 - 8. Independent testing company to perform thermal imaging should be retained by the CM on GC expense and approved by the Owner's representative.
 - 9. Contractor to forward report of the thermal imaging within 3 business days after completion of imaging.
 - a. Issuance of the Warrantee: Complete all post installation procedures in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines for warranty issuance of the specified warrantee.
 - b. CLOSEOUT
 - c. Correction of Work:
 - d. Work that does not conform to specified requirements including tolerances, slopes, and finishes shall be corrected and/or replaced. Any deficiencies of membrane application, termination and/or protection as noted during the Membrane Manufacturer's inspections shall be corrected and/or replaced at Contractor's expense.
 - e. .
 - f. Clean-Up:
 - g. Site clean-up, including both interior and exterior building areas that have been affected by construction, shall be restored to preconstruction condition.

END OF SECTION 07 14 00